Emergency Care for Choking



— Conscious Victim ⊢

If the victim CAN breathe, cough, or speak then do not interfere.

If the victim CAN NOT breathe, cough, or speak, then <u>follow the steps below</u>.



- 1. Reach around the person's waist.
- 2. Position one clenched fist above the navel but below the rib cage.
- 3. Grasp your fist with your other hand.
- 4. Pull the clenched fist upward sharply under the rib cage.
- 5. Continue until the obstruction is relieved or the victim falls unconscious.

Unconscious Victim ⊢

Call 911 or another emergency response number or send someone to call and then return to the victim and <u>follow the steps below</u>.

- 1. Open the airway and look for a foreign object. If one is seen, remove it.
- 2. Do 30 chest compressions with the heel of one hand on the center breastbone and the other hand pushing into the first hand.
- 3. Tilt the victim's head back, lifting the chin.
- 4. Attempt two breaths.
- 5. Repeat steps 1-4 until the victim starts breathing or emergency services arrive.



- Use chest thrusts and back blows on pregnant or obese victims.
- Learn to perform emergency care for choking and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).
- Call your local American Heart Association or American Red Cross chapter for CPR training information.
- For children 1 to 8 years old, use one hand for chest compressions and one breath.
- A different technique is used in infants and small children. Discuss the proper procedure for a child with a healthcare provider.